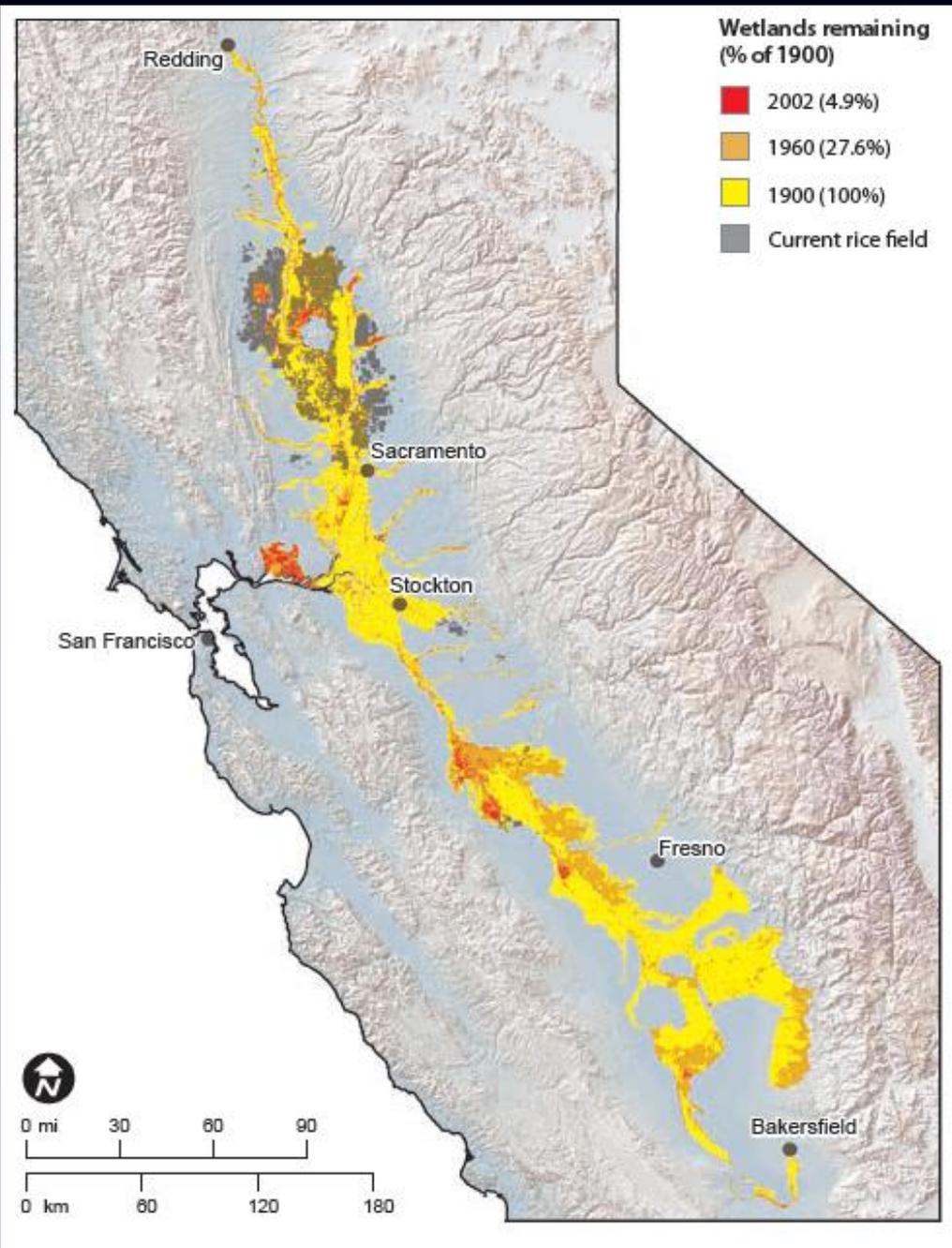


Effects of Groundwater Pumping On Streamflow

The Nature Conservancy
January 2014

Key Facts and Lessons

- **Groundwater and surface water are intimately connected**
 - What affects one will ultimately affect the other
 - In many respects, wells are just another way of diverting surface water
 - Impacts from wells far from streams, and from deep wells, just take longer
- **GW pumping is only "sustainable" to the degree we accept associated impacts to surface water systems.**
 - These impacts take years to decades to fully develop - its not WYSIWYG
- **GW substitution transfers impact streamflows**
 - Can be valuable, but need to properly account for impacts
 - These impacts play out over decades
- **"Safe yield" only protects GW user interests**
 - Groundwater dependent and riparian ecosystems are impacted
 - Surface water rights holders are impacted
- **"Sustainable yield" needed to protect ecosystems**
 - Explicitly allots some natural discharge for nature



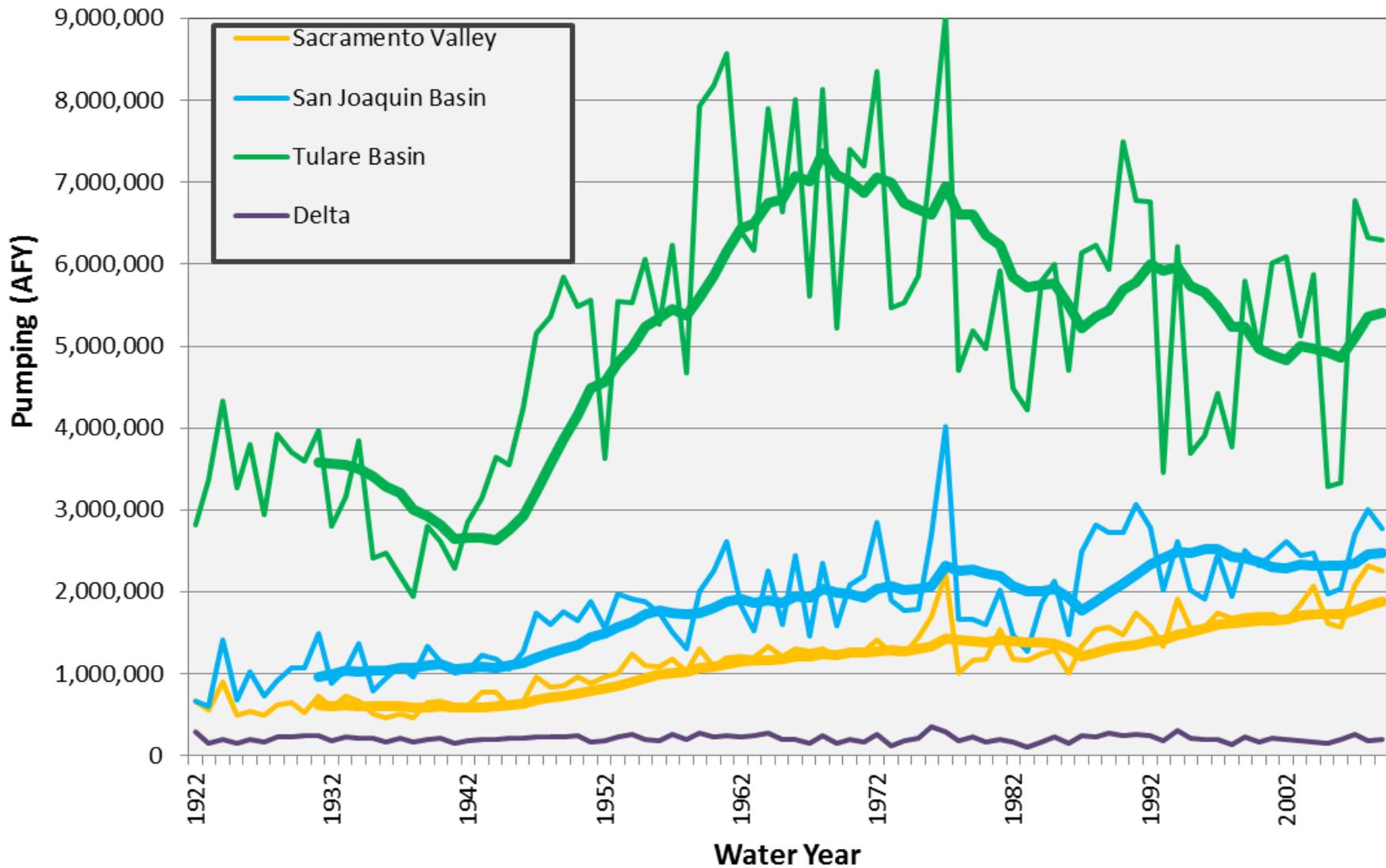
"Why we care"

The Central Valley's Lost Wetlands

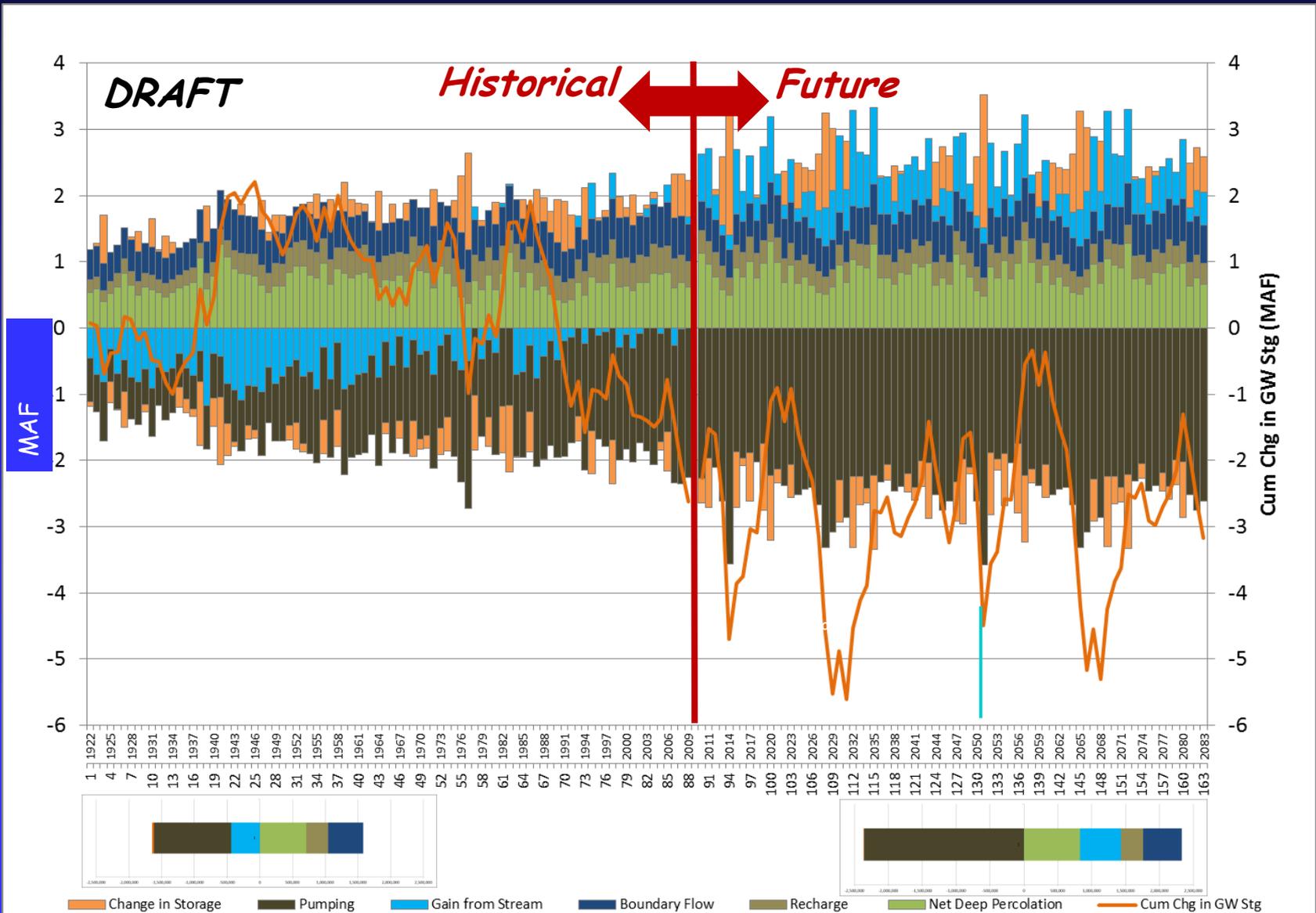
from "Managing California's Water"
PPIC report, 2011

Total Groundwater Pumping

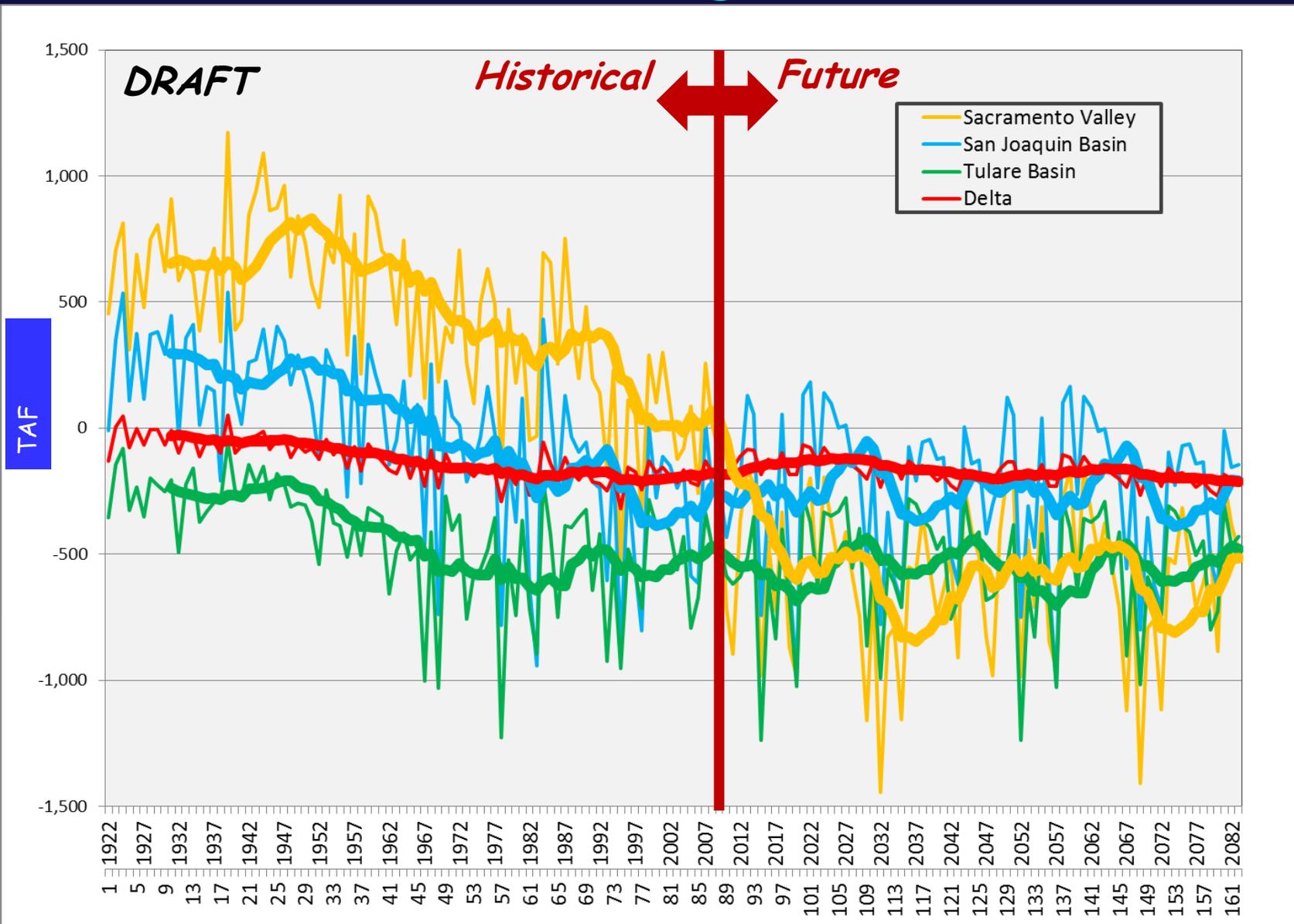
(with 10-year moving average)



What if current conditions continue? *Is the Sacramento Valley at a Tipping Point?*



What if current conditions continue? Net GW Discharge to Rivers



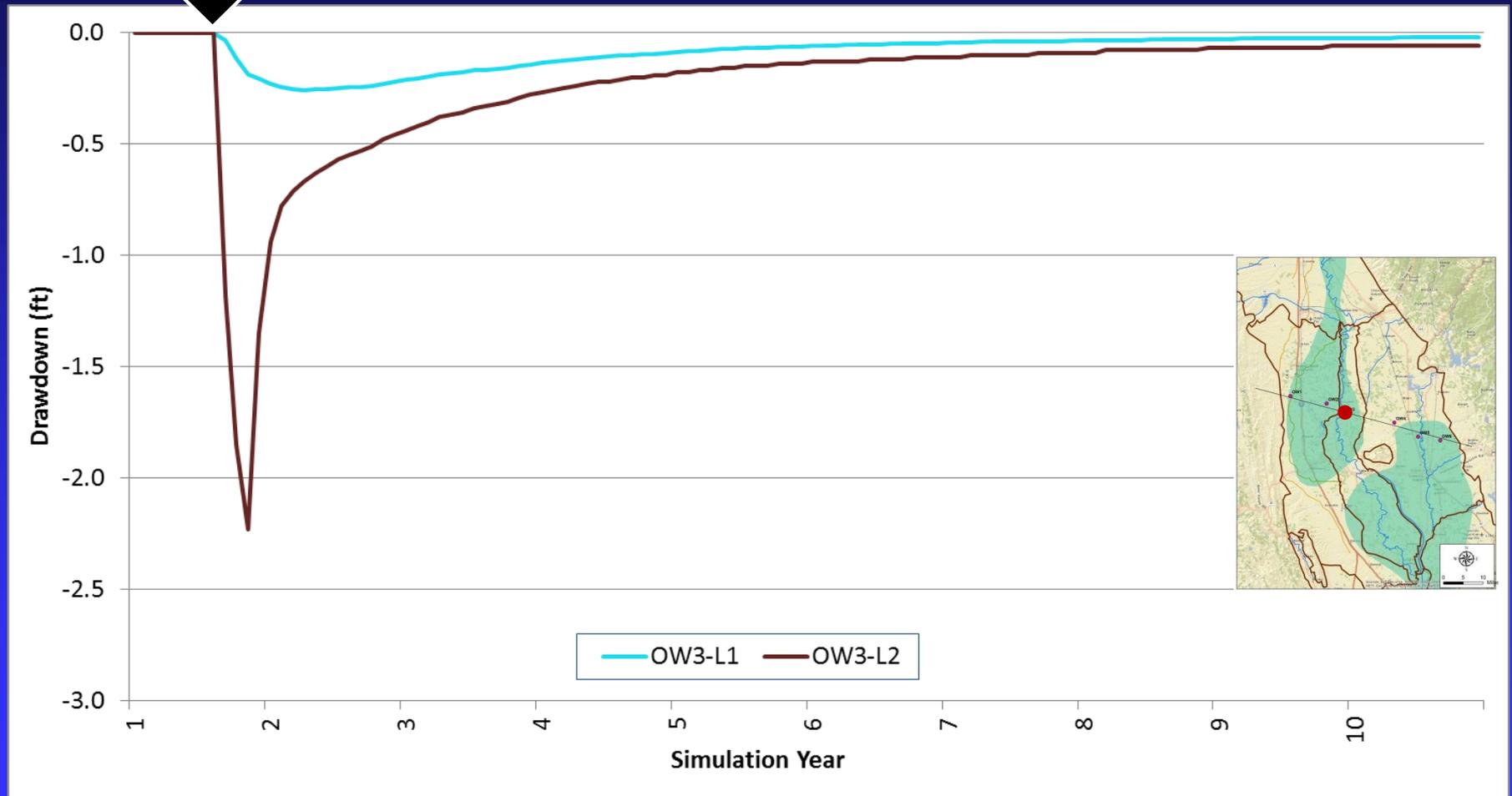
Groundwater Substitution Transfers

What is a GW Substitution Transfer?



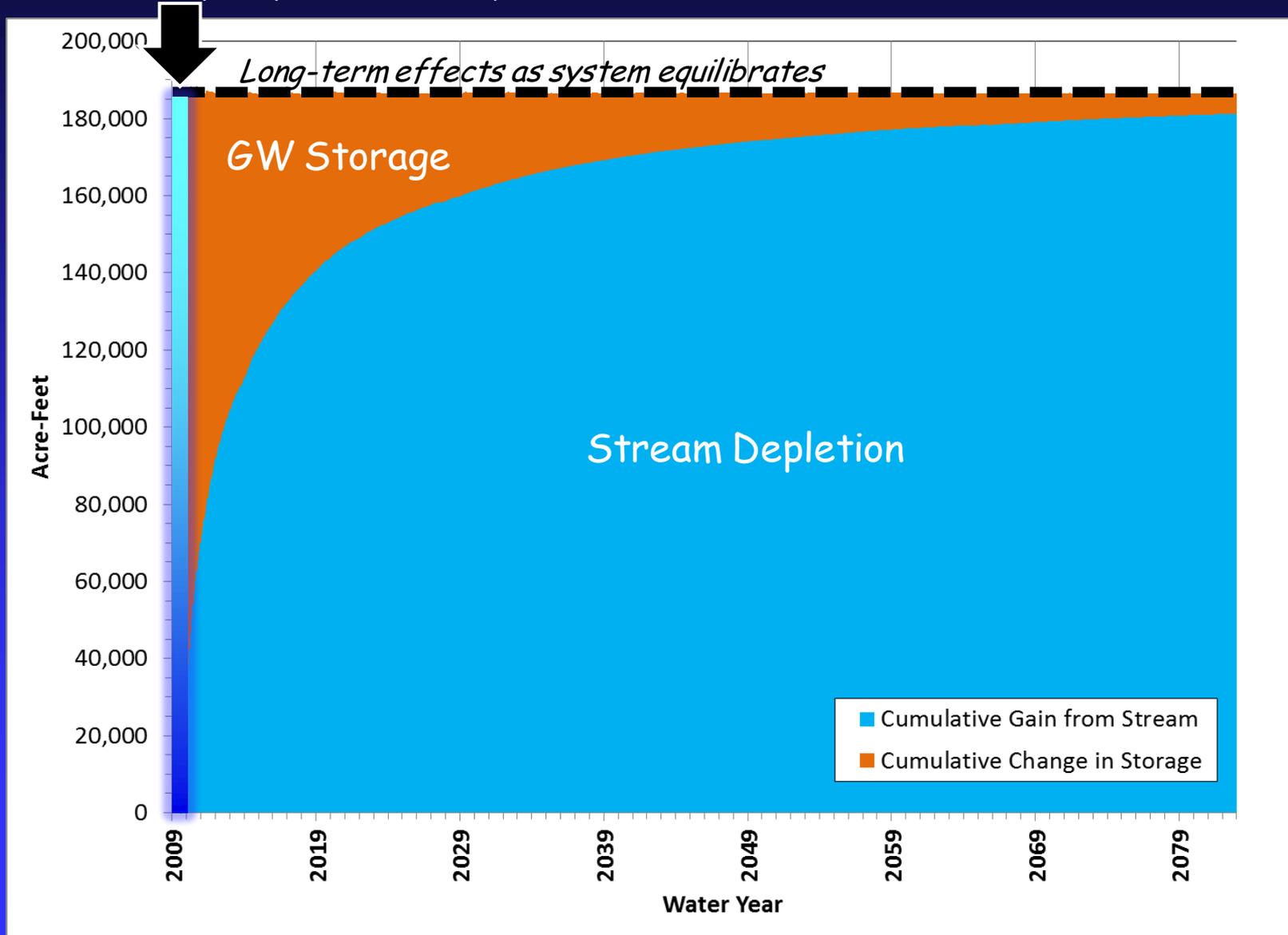
Water Level Recovery Takes Years

Transfer wells pumped for one year



Stream Depletion Occurs for Years

Transfer wells pumped for one year



Closing Comments

- ***The Paramount Basin Management Objective:***
 - Management of all GW basins to Safe Yield or Sustainable Yield
 - Safe Yield -- for basins currently in overdraft
 - Sustainable Yield -- for all other basins
- ***Act Soon to Limit Basins to Reasonable Yields***
 - Time is not on our side as pumping continues to increase
 - Actions need not be perfect since inherent uncertainties in GW systems require an adaptive management approach
- ***Basin Prioritization***
 - Don't just focus on degree of overdraft
 - Look at key heavily stressed basins not yet in overdraft
 - An important example is the Sacramento Valley